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# ***Soliton Research at the Lightwave Communication Systems Laboratory***

Ken Demarest

Department of Electrical Engineering & Computer Science  
University of Kansas



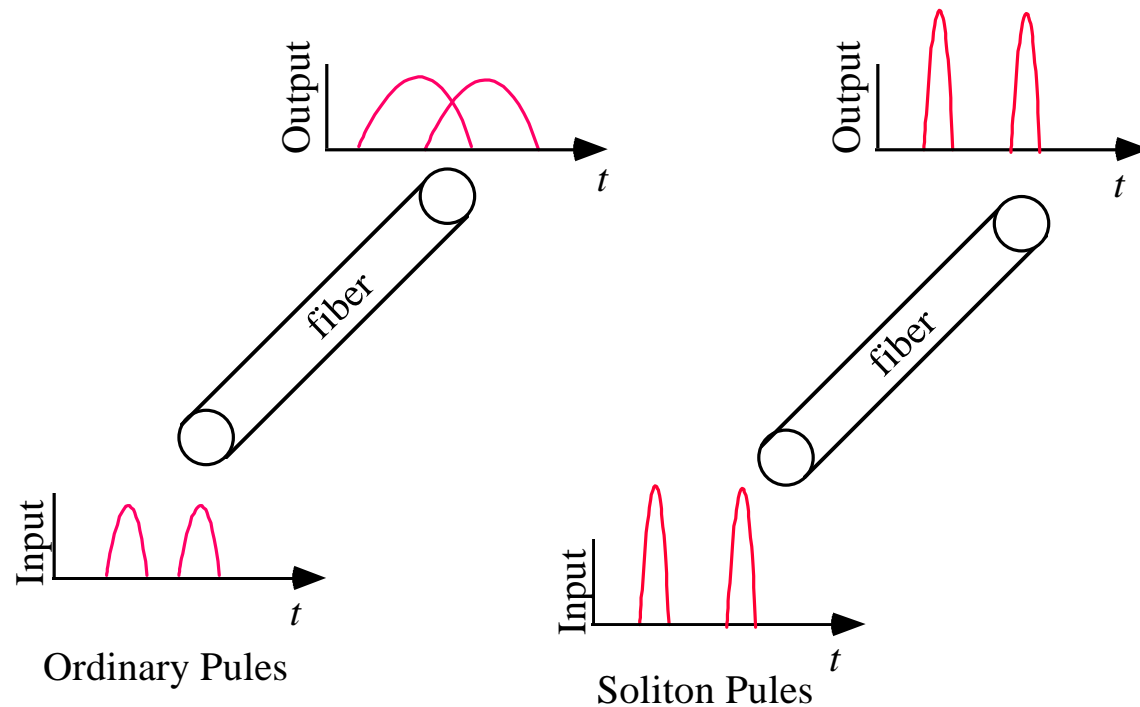
# *Summary*

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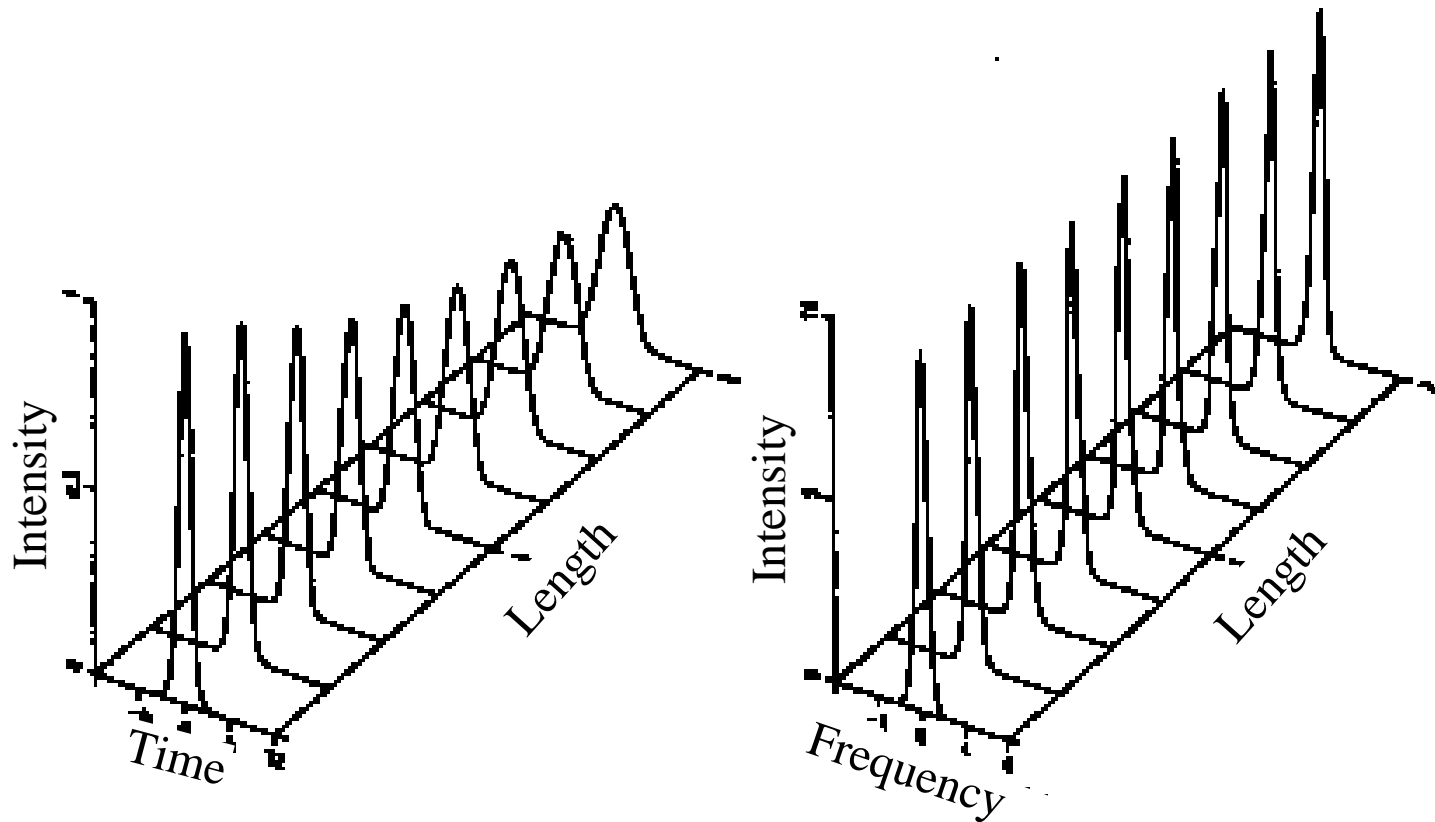
- **Introduction to optical solitons**
- **The KU soliton generator**
- **The KU recirculating loop**
- **Preliminary soliton transmission results**
- **Summary and suggestion for future work**

# Optical Solitons

An optical soliton is a short, high-amplitude optical pulse that does not spread as it propagates

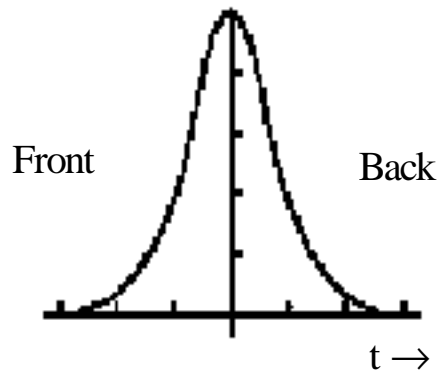


# *Linear, Dispersive Fiber*

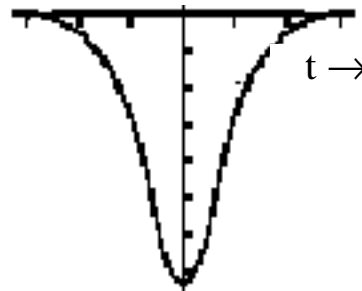


# ***Kerr Effect and Chirp***

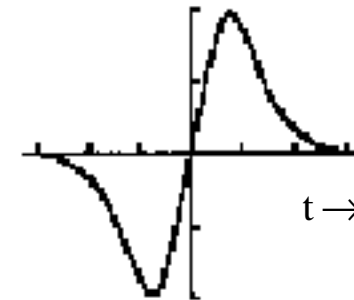
Amplitude Profile



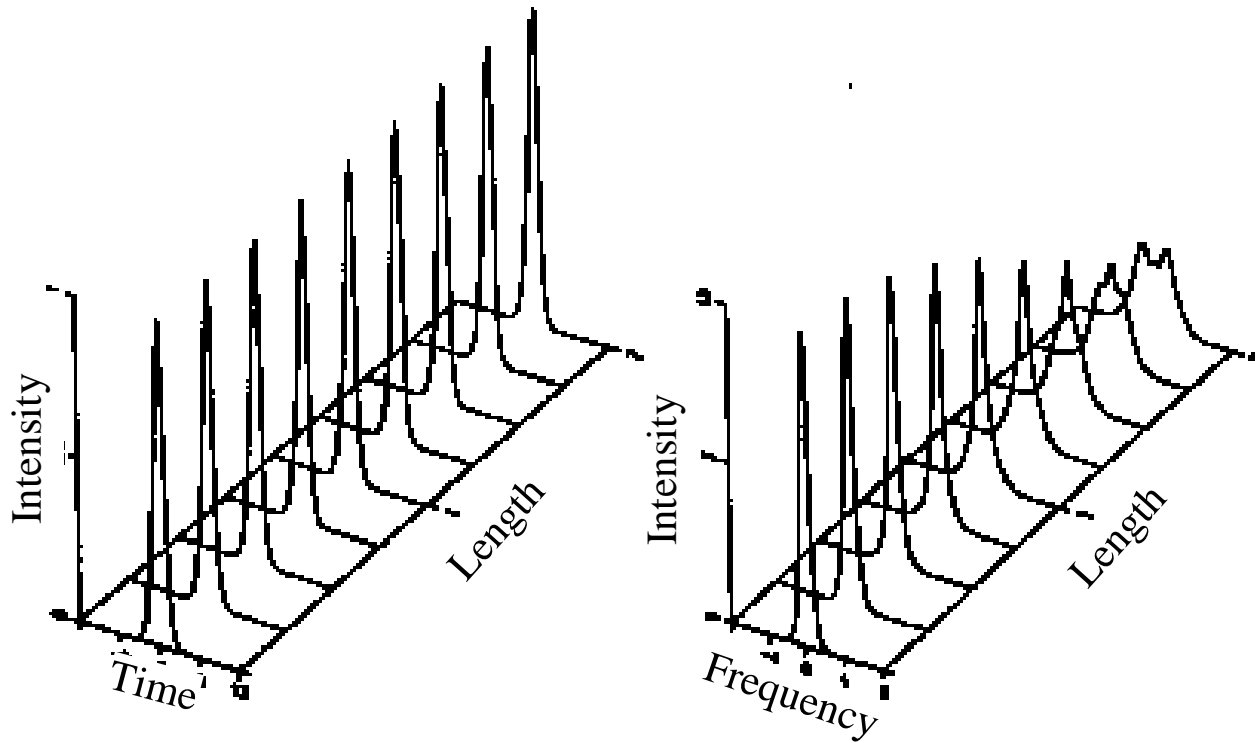
Kerr Phase



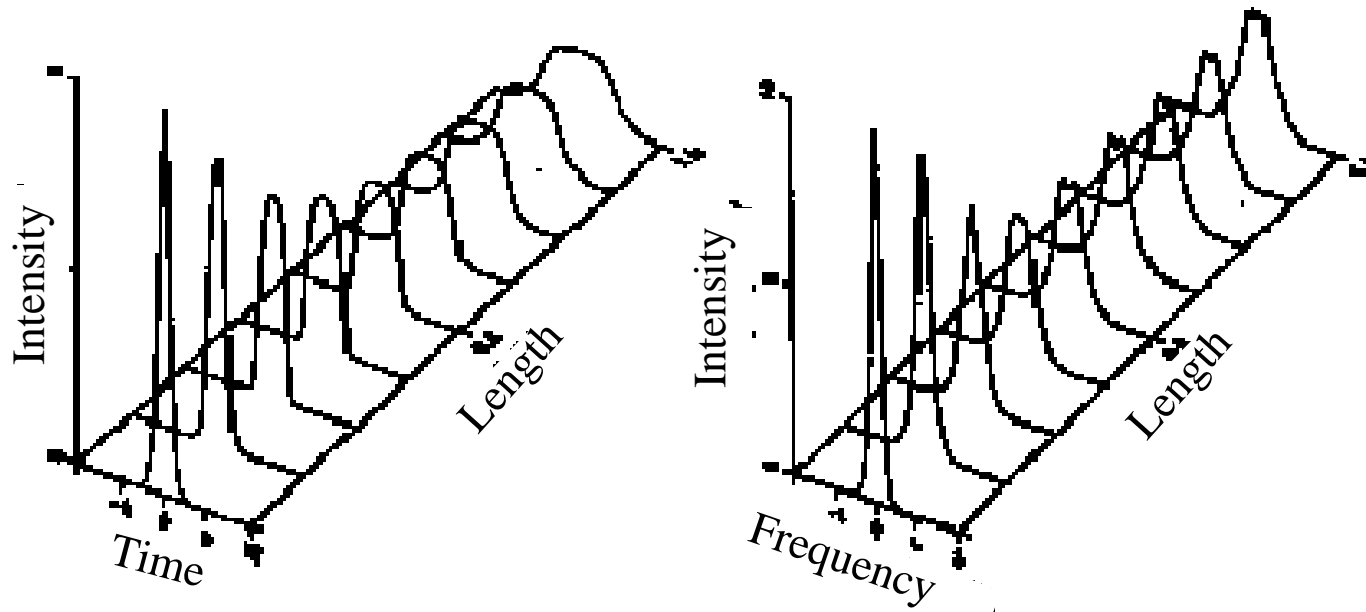
Instantaneous Frequency



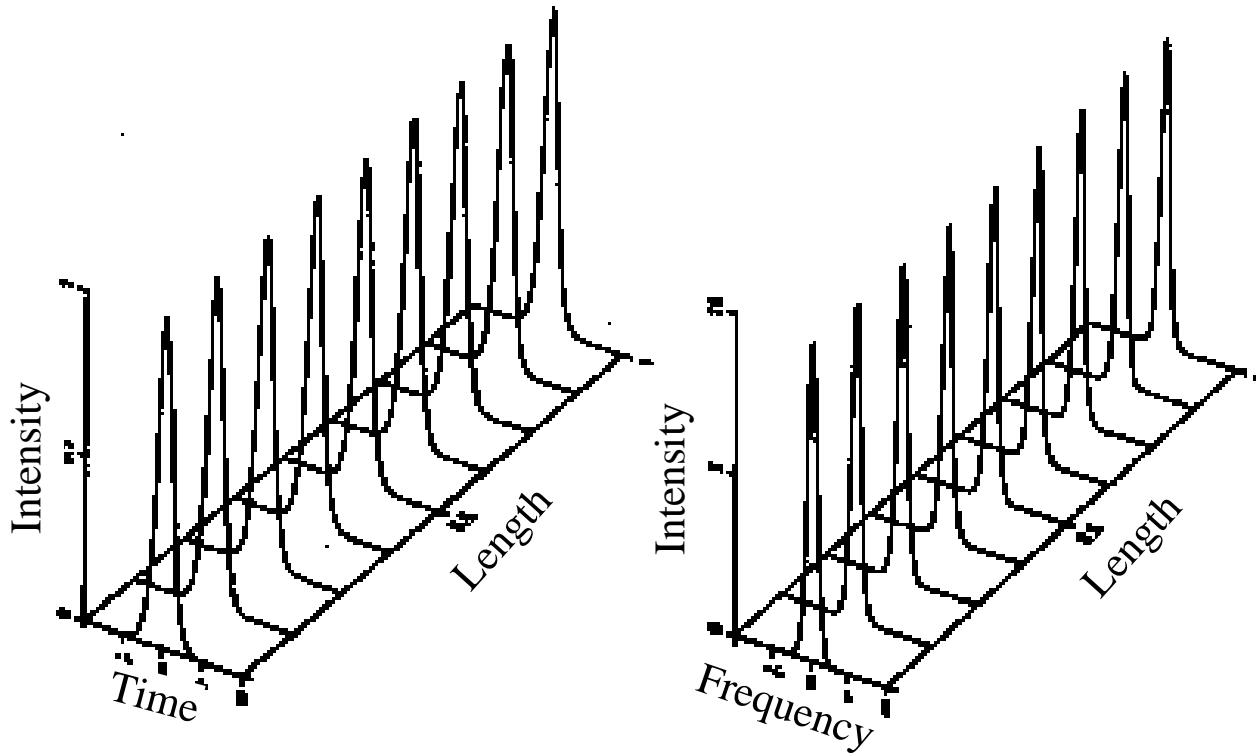
# ***Nonlinear, Nondispersive fiber***



# ***Nonlinear Fiber with Positive Dispersion***

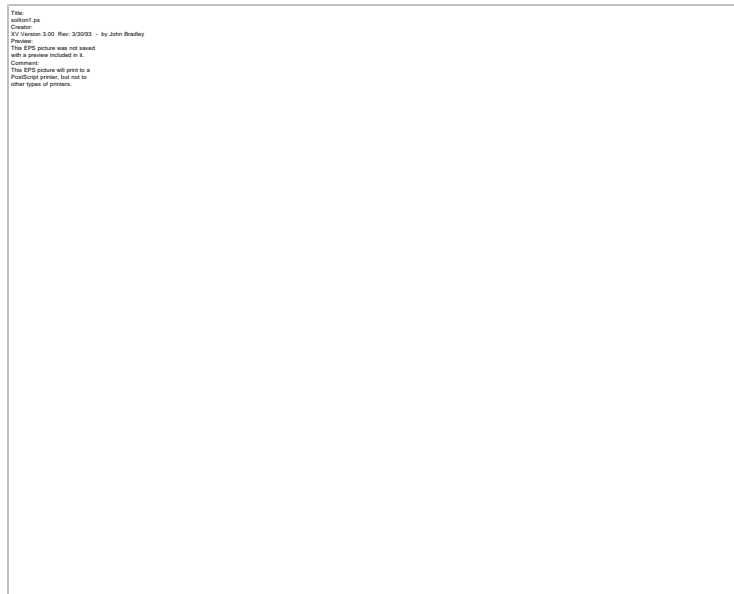


# ***Fundamental Soliton***





# ***Soliton-based optical fiber transmission***



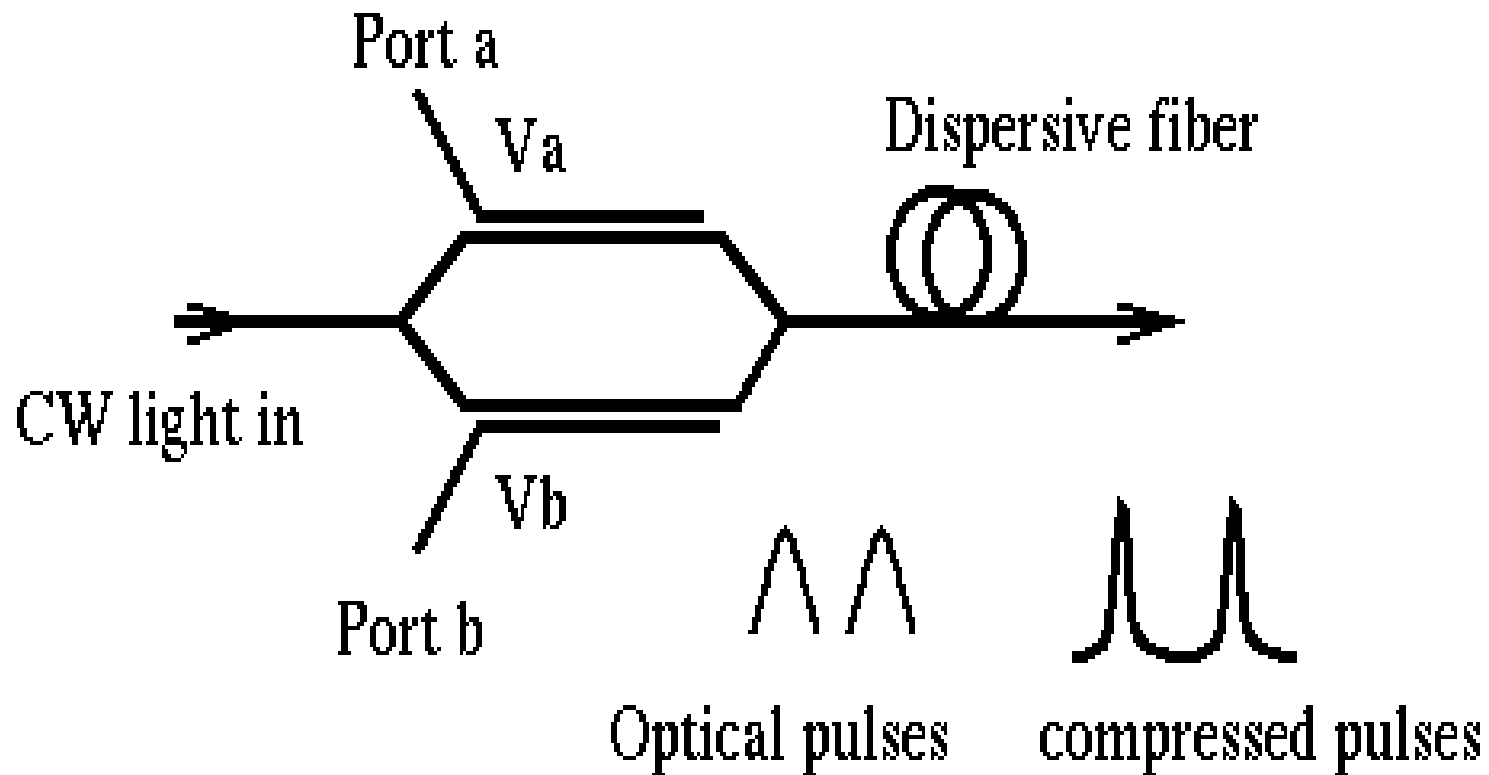
Achieved error free distances in single-channel and WDM

# ***Three Types of Soliton Generators***

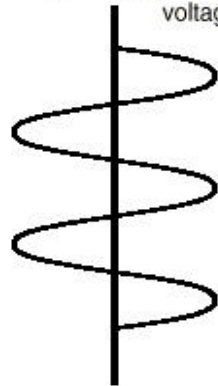
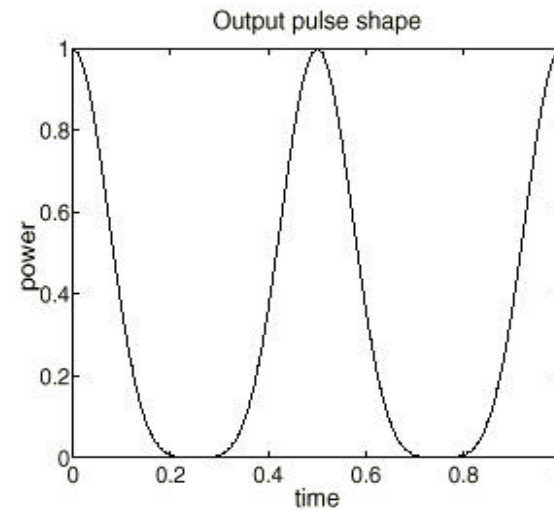
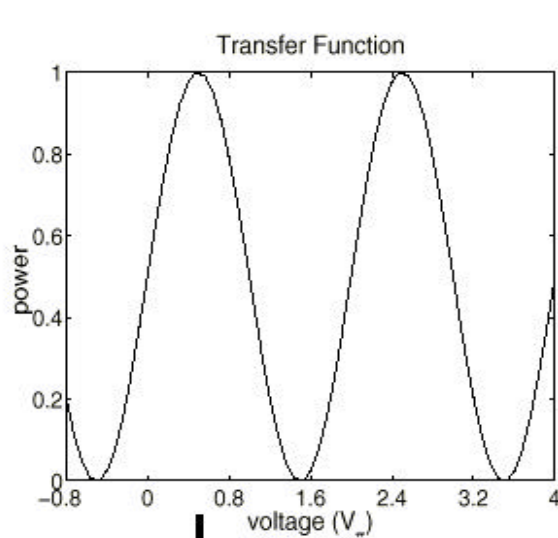
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1. Soliton laser based on mode-locking
2. Electroabsorption Modulator-based soliton generators
3. LiNbO<sub>3</sub> Mach-Zehnder Modulator-based soliton generators

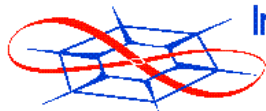
# ***Mach-Zehnder Soliton Generator***



# Amplitude Modulation



Sinusoidal voltage



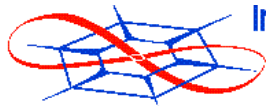
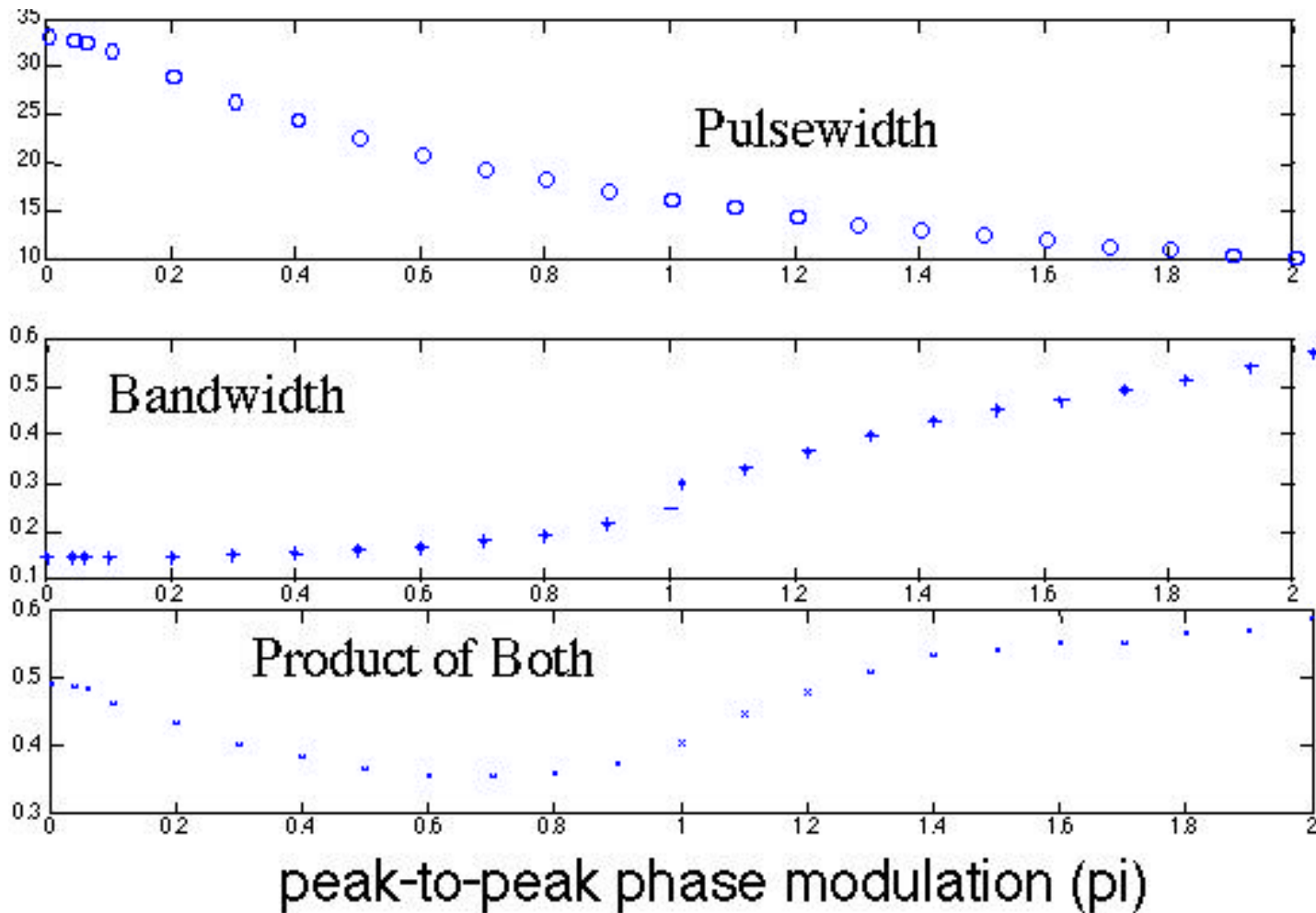
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# Pulse Compression



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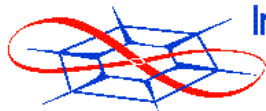
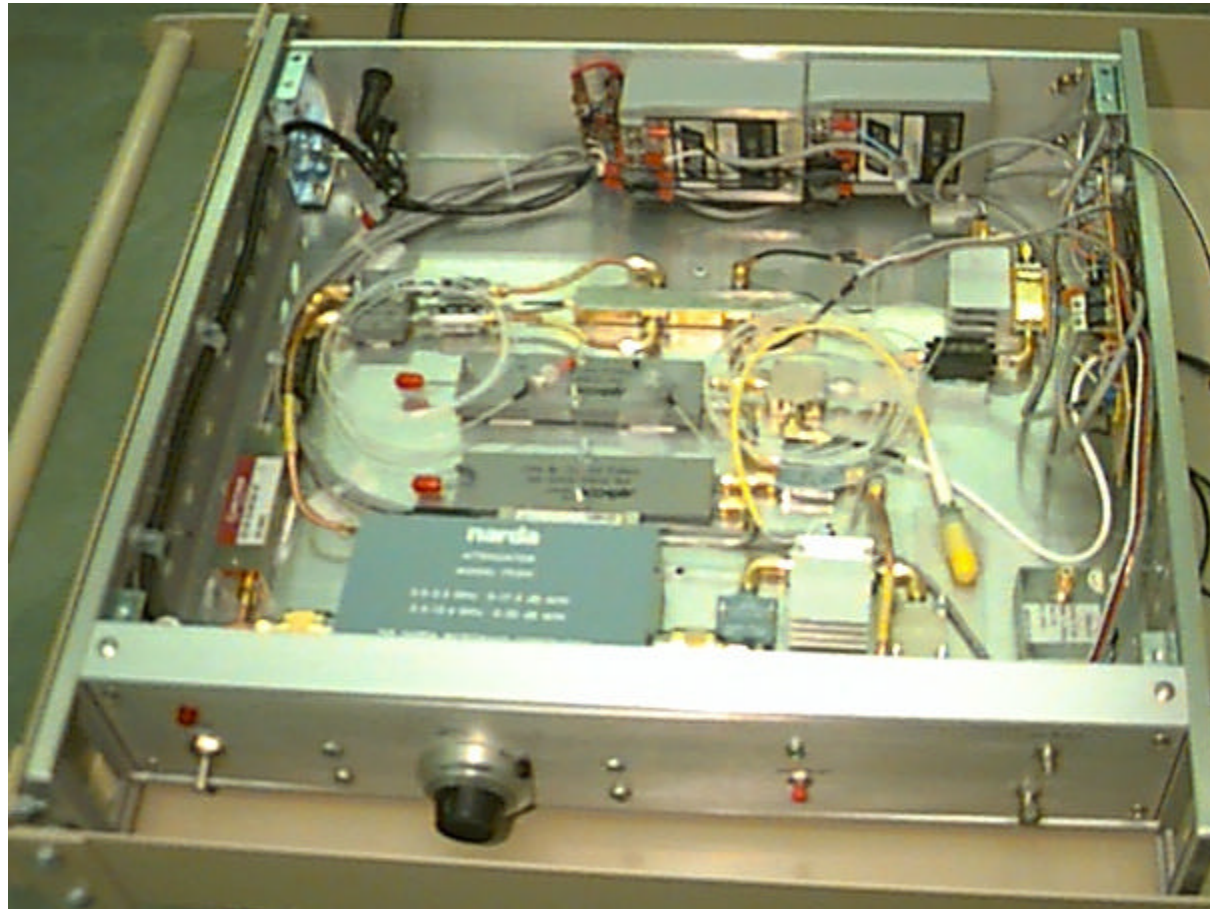
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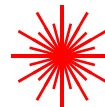
# ***Structure and Operation***

Title:  
/tmp/xfig-fig015248  
Creator:  
fig2dev  
Preview:  
This EPS picture was not saved  
with a preview included in it.  
Comment:  
This EPS picture will print to a  
PostScript printer, but not to  
other types of printers.

# ***KU Soliton Generator***



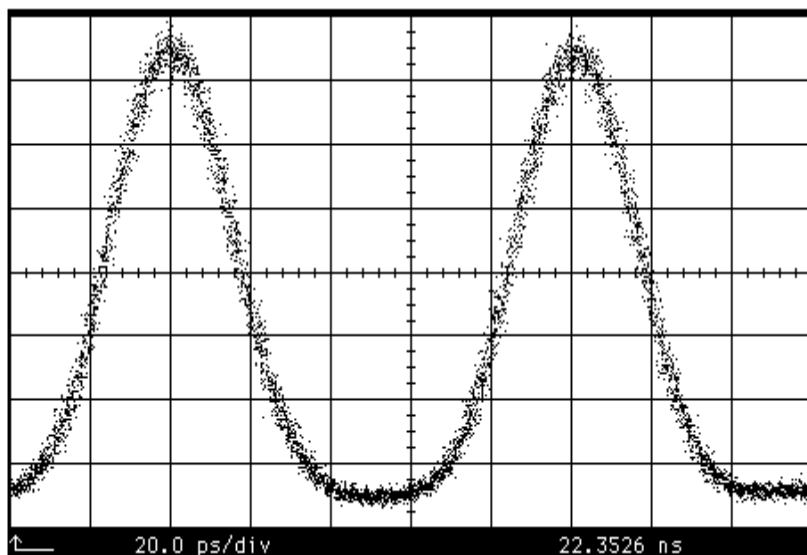
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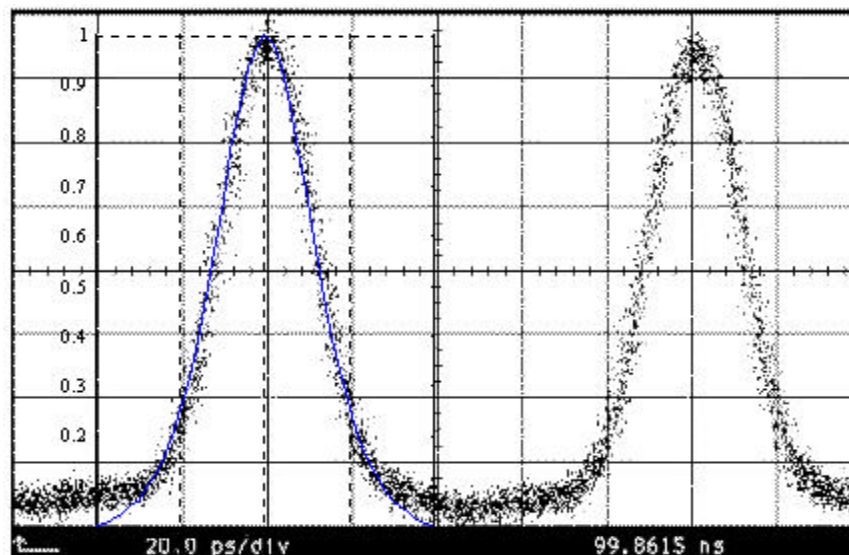
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# *Mearsured Pulse Compression*

Uncompressed pulses

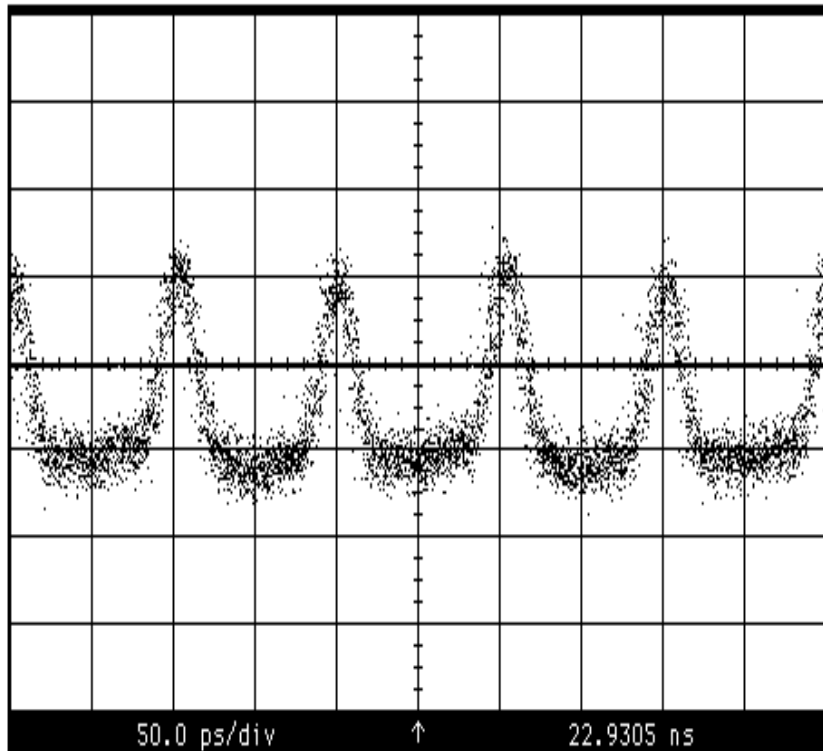


Compressed pulses

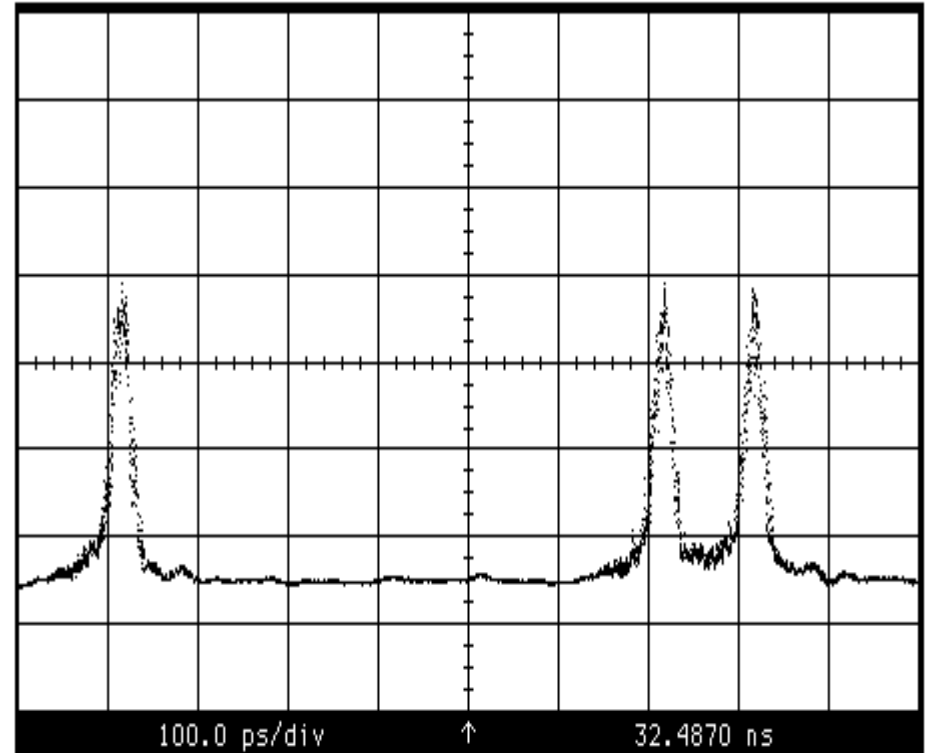




# *Soliton Source: Output*



Soliton Train

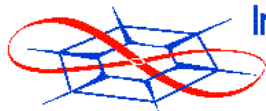
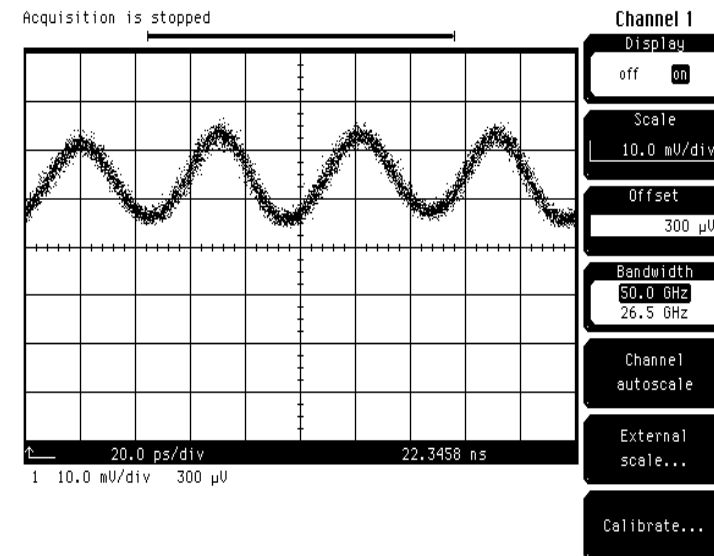
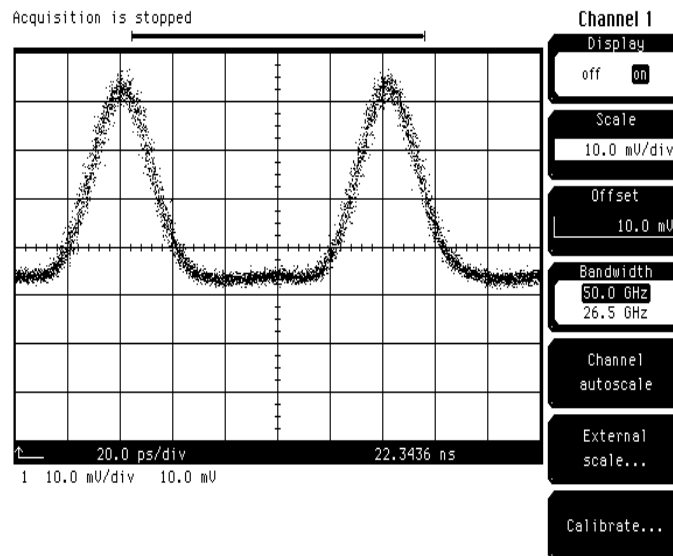


Data Encoded Soliton Sequence

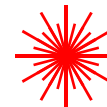
# 20GHz Time/polarization Division Multiplexed Soliton Train



Polarization of Incident Light



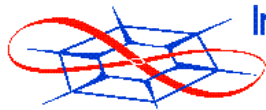
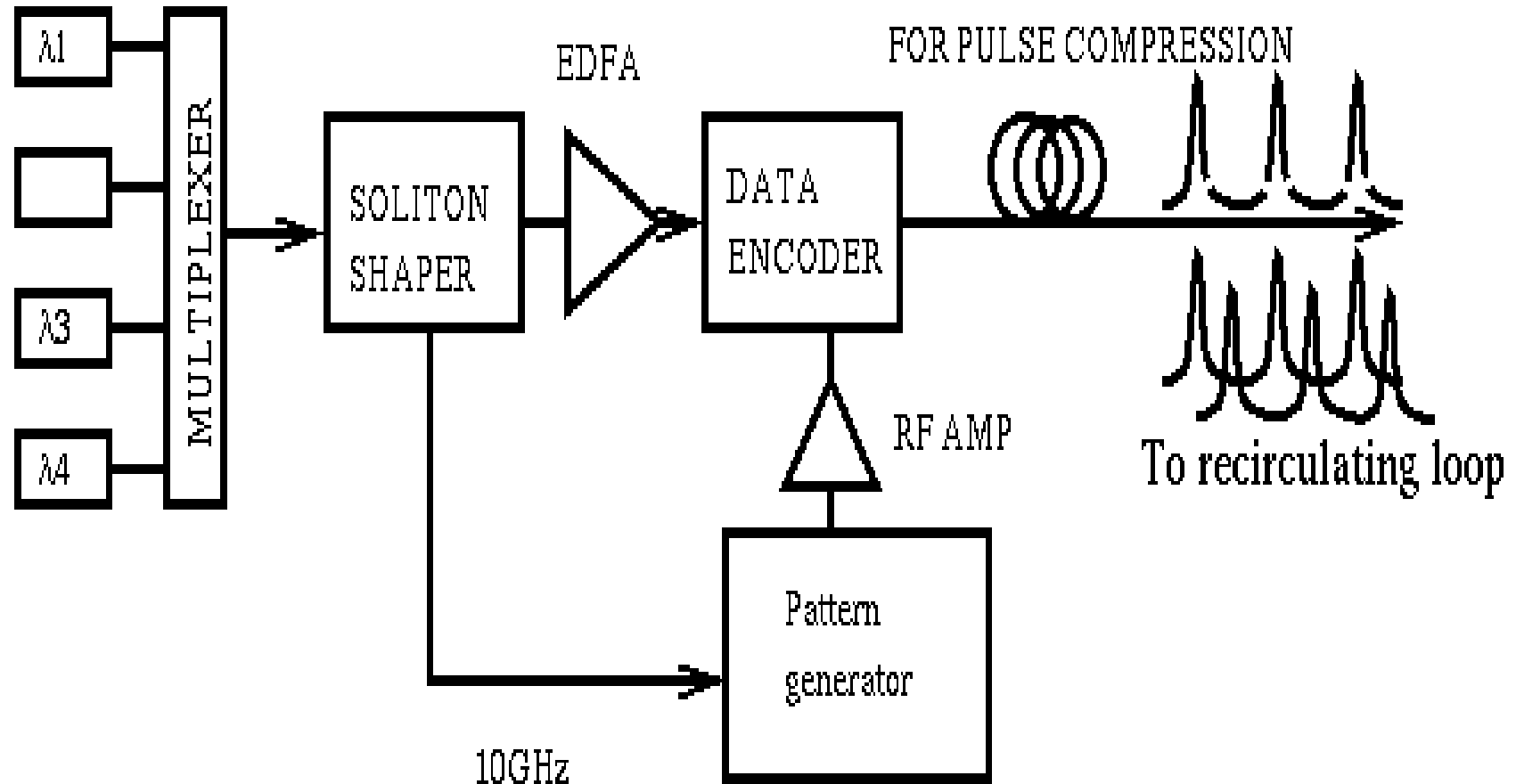
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# *Soliton Generator For WDM*

LASERS

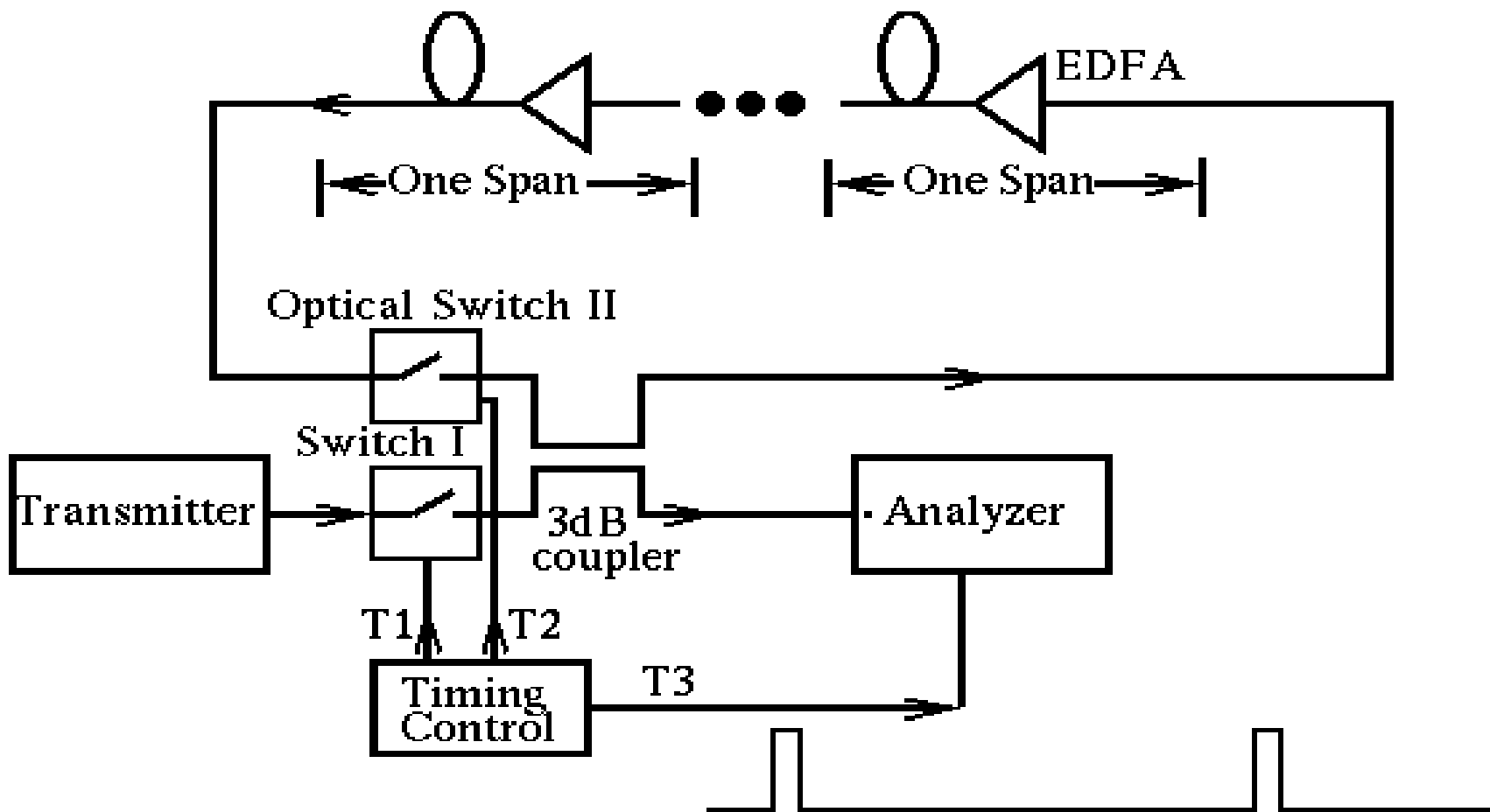


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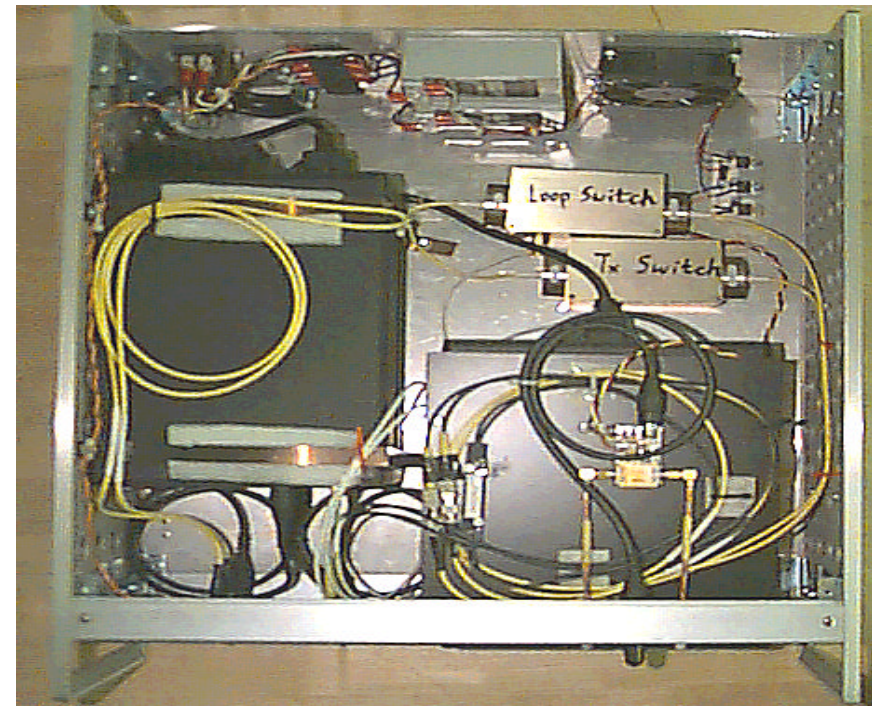


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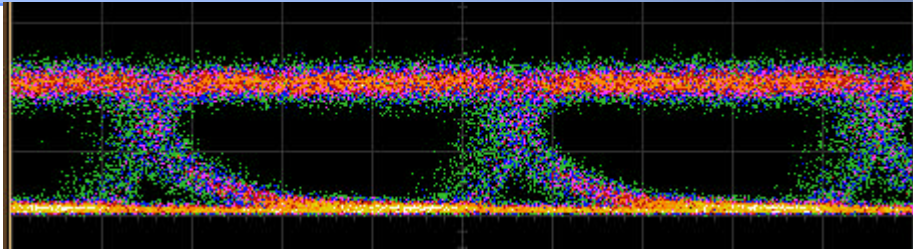
# *Recirculating Loop*



# ***KU Recirculating Loop Testset***

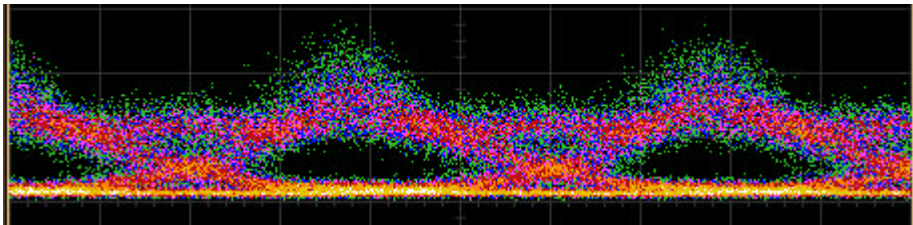


# OC48 Rate Transmission Emulation

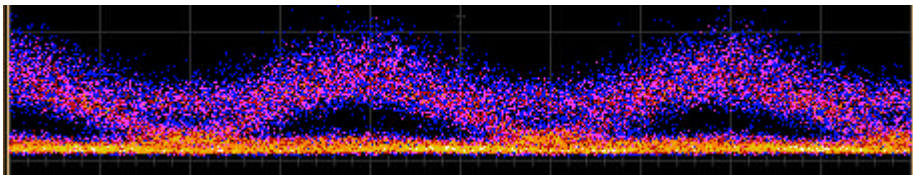


Standard Fiber

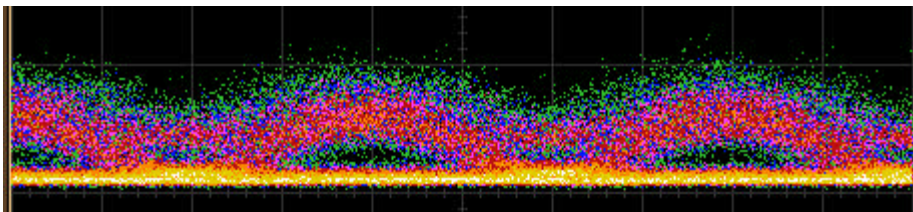
75 km: Error Free



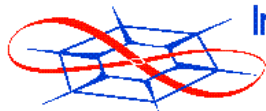
600 km: Error Free  
(BER <math>2 \times 10^{-13}</math>)



1050 km: BER =  $2 \times 10^{-10}$



1350 km: BER =  $3 \times 10^{-7}$



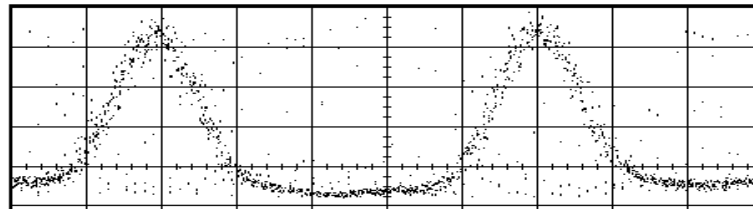
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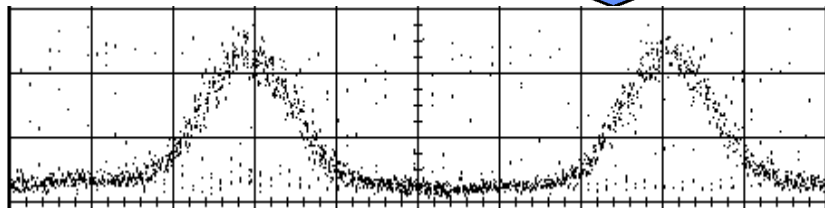
# Measured, Near-Soliton Characteristics

Transmitter

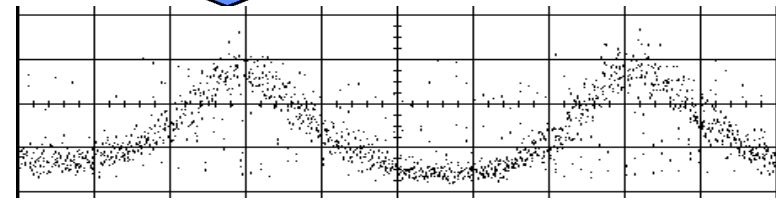


20 ps/div

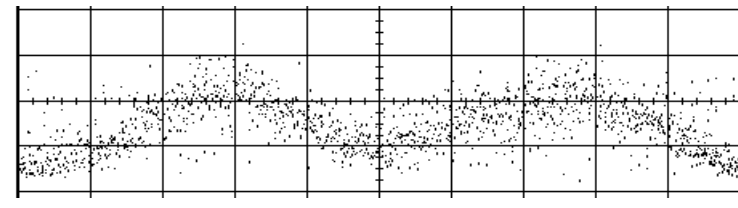
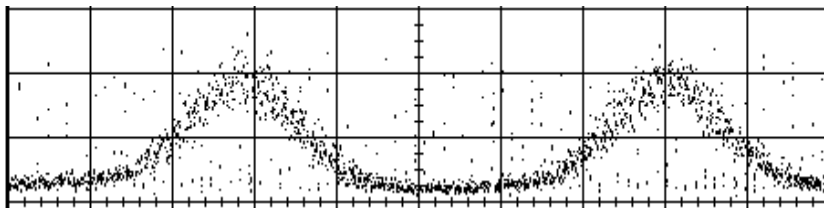
4\*35 km *High Power*



*Low Power*



6\*35 km



Launch power: 8 dBm

-2.5 dBm

# ***Future Work***

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1. Long-distance 10 Gb/s or time/polarization-division-multiplexed soliton transmission in alternating positive and negative dispersion fiber links.
2. 10 Gb/s or 20 Gb/s WDM transmission in dispersion-compensated standard fiber link with long amplifier spans.
3. Experimental demonstration of soliton control for all-optical networks.