

EECS 861  
Homework #5

1. Define a random process  $X(t)$  based on the outcome  $k$  of tossing a fair 6 sided die as:

$$X(t) = \begin{cases} -2 & k = 1 \\ -1 & k = 2 \\ 1 & k = 3 \\ 2 & k = 4 \\ t & k = 5 \\ -t & k = 6 \end{cases}$$

- Find the joint probability mass function of  $X(0)$  and  $X(2)$ .
  - Find the marginal probability mass functions of  $X(0)$  and  $X(2)$ .
  - Find  $E\{X(0)\}$ ,  $E\{X(2)\}$ , and  $E\{X(0)X(2)\}$ .
2. For this problem use the data in this file.  
[http://www.ittc.ku.edu/~frost/EECS\\_861/EECS\\_861\\_HW\\_Fall\\_2024/HW-5-Problem-2.xls](http://www.ittc.ku.edu/~frost/EECS_861/EECS_861_HW_Fall_2024/HW-5-Problem-2.xls)

Each Sheet contains data from one discrete time random process,

Case 1  $X[n]$ ,

Case 2  $Y[n]$ ,

Case 3  $Z[n]$ .

Each row is a sample function of that discrete time random process.

- For Sheet 1 create 3 plots, one plot per row for the first 3 rows.
  - For Sheet 1 create 3 plots, one plot per column for the first 3 columns.
  - For Sheet 1 calculate the average and variance of all the values in each row, plot the row averages.
  - For Sheet 1 calculate the average and variance of all the values in each column, plot the column averages.
  - For Sheet 1 consider column 2 and 3 as a pair of random samples; estimate the correlation coefficient between these samples.
  - For Sheet 1 repeat part e. for column 2 and 4.
  - For Sheet 1 repeat part e. for column 2 and 5.
  - Repeat e.-g. for Sheet 2
  - Repeat e.-g. for Sheet 3
  - Discuss the differences in the estimate the correlation coefficient for the three discrete time random processes.
3.  $X(t) = A\cos(2\pi t + \phi)$   
For  $\phi = 0$  and  $P(A=-1) = P(A=1) = P(A=-2) = P(A=2) = 0.25$ .
- Sketch all possible sample functions of  $X(t)$
  - What is  $P(X(1)=0)$ ?

- c. What is  $P(X(0.25)=0)$ ?
- d. What is the PMF for the RV  $X(0.5)$ ?
- e. Find  $E[X(t)]$ .

For  $A=1$  and  $P(\varphi=+\pi/4)=P(\varphi=-\pi/4)=0.5$

- f. Sketch 2 sample functions of  $X(t)$
- g. Find  $E[X(t)]$ .

4.  $X[n]$  is a discrete random sequence. Sample function  $X_1[n] = 2$  for all  $n$  and sample function  $X_2[n] = -2$  for all  $n$ . The  $P(X_1[n]) = 0.5$  and  $P(X_2[n]) = 0.5$ .

- a. How many member (sample) functions are in the random process?
- b. Plot all the sample functions of  $X[n]$ .
- c. What is the pmf for  $X[n]$ ?
- d. Find  $E[X[n]]$ .
- e. What is the joint pmf for  $X[n]$  and  $X[n+1]$ ?
- f. Find the autocovariance function of  $X[n]$ ,  $R_{xx}[k]$ .

5.  $X[n]$  is a discrete random sequence.

$$X[n] = \sum_{i=1}^n J_i \text{ with } P(J_i = 1) = P(J_i = -1) = \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } J_i\text{'s are S.I and } X[0] = 0$$

- a. Sketch two sample functions of  $X[n]$  for  $n=1, \dots, 10$
- b. Is  $X[n]$  and random walk? Yes or No
- c. Find  $P(X[3]=1)$
- d. Find  $E[X[3]]$
- e. Find  $P(X[6]=0 | X[3]=1)$

6. A random process is described by  $X(t) = Yt + 10$ .  $Y \sim N(0, 1)$ .

- a. Find  $E[X(t)]$
- b. Find  $\text{Var}[X(t)]$
- c. Find  $P(X(1) > 11)$

7. A random process  $X(t)$  has 4 member functions that occur with equal probability:

$$X_1(t) = t^2$$

$$X_2(t) = \sin(2\pi t)$$

$$X_3(t) = -t^2$$

$$X_4(t) = -\sin(2\pi t)$$

- a. Plot the sample functions.
- b. Find PMF for  $X(0)$
- c. Find  $P[X(1)=1]$
- d. Find  $E[X(t)]$
- e. Find  $\text{Var}[X(1)]$
- f. For  $t > 1$  find  $P(X(t) > 1)$